

8th NASCUG Meeting

CORBA Based Co-Verification Methodology For SystemC

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RESMIQ

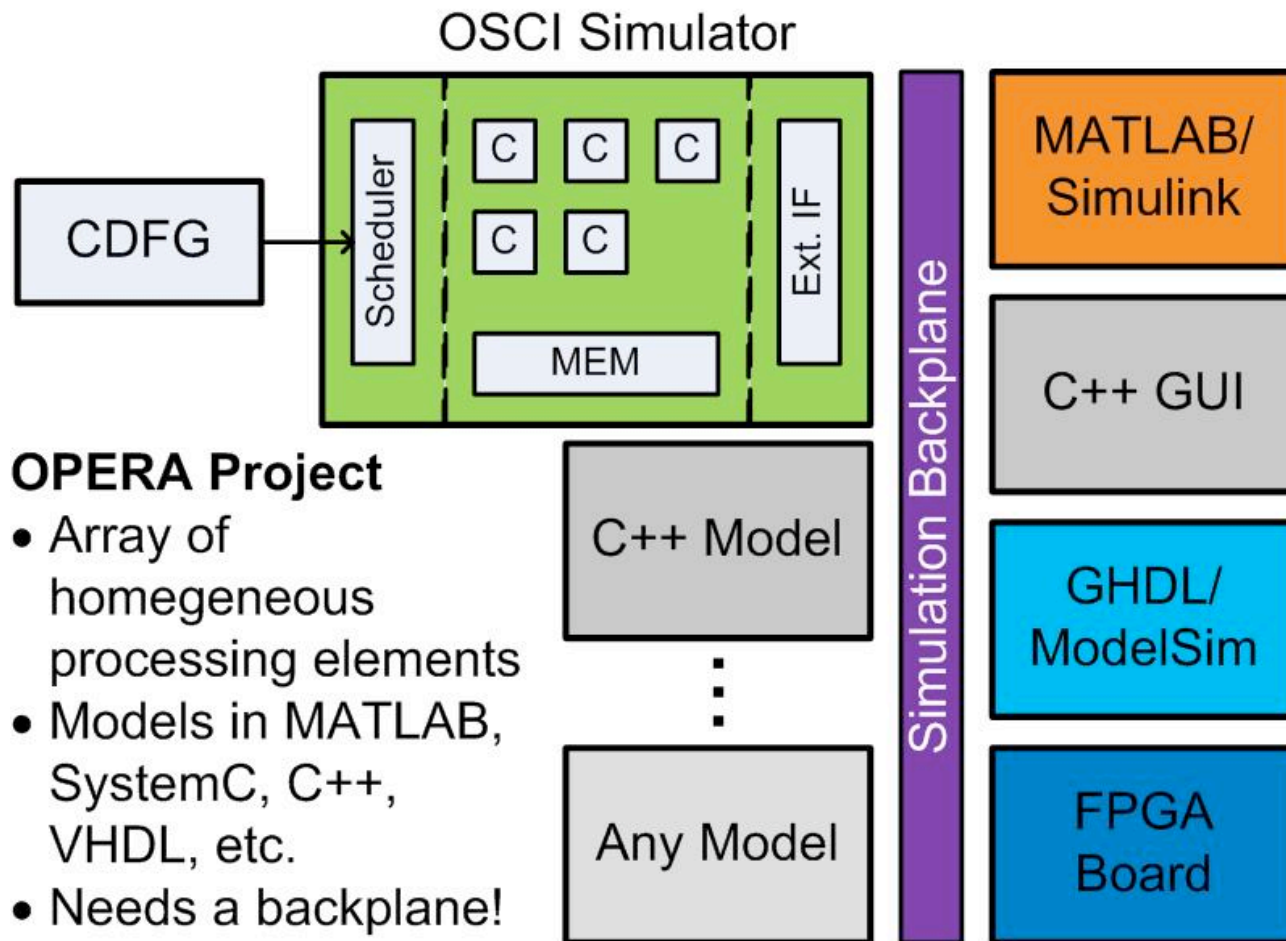
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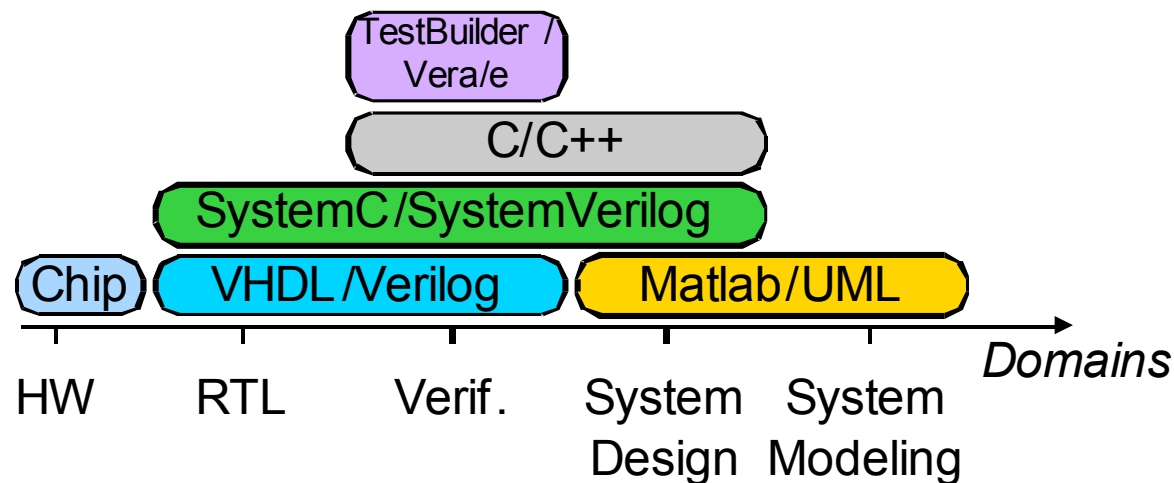
Communicate. Your Way.

Motivation



Problem description

- Design complexity
- Various modeling languages: heterogeneous design and verification components
- Specialized and complementary simulators and/or tools excelling in their respective domains
- Design architecture may change



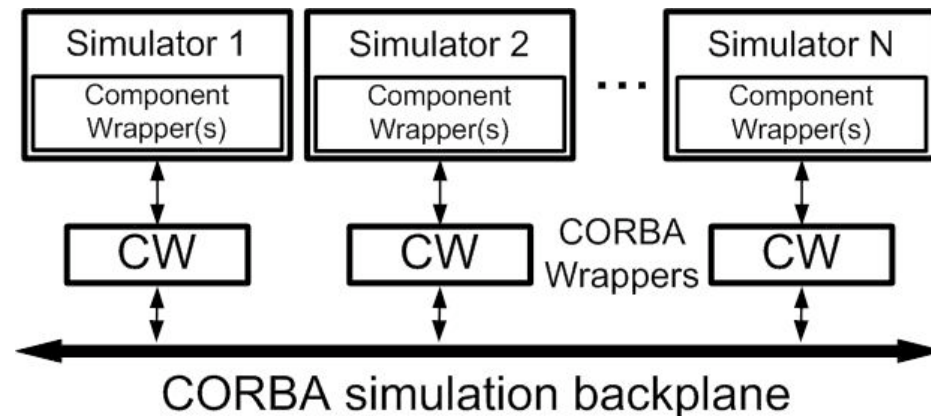


Outline

- Proposed Methodology
 - Communication
 - Data Adaptation
 - Tools Involved
- Results
 - Demo
 - Observed Benefits
- Conclusion & Future Work

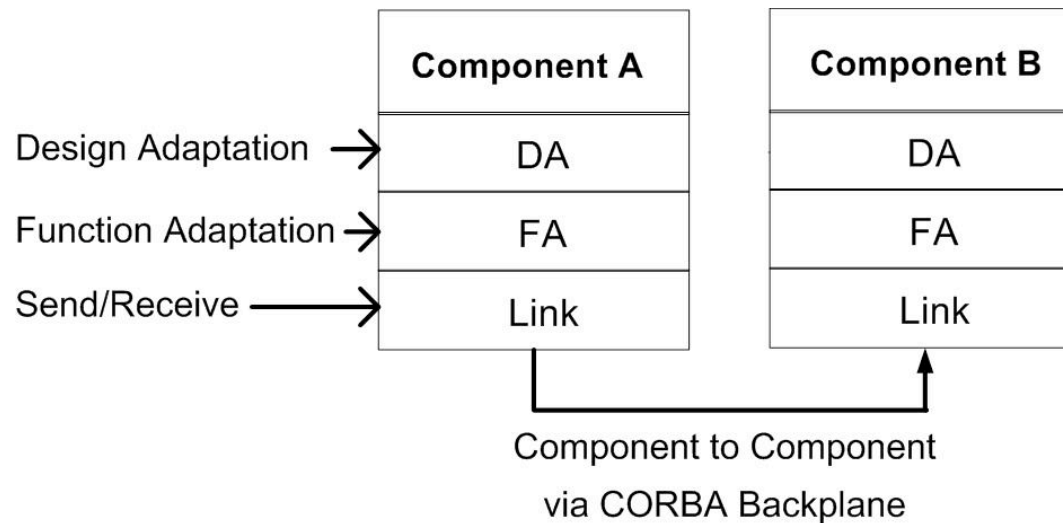
Proposed Methodology (1/2)

- Communication
 - Make simulators and tools communicate in a standard way
 - Use CORBA as a simulation backplane



Proposed Methodology (2/2)

- Data adaptation
 - Convert data where abstraction levels have different representations
 - Implement transactor concept





Communication: Why CORBA? (1/2)

- Broadly accepted and used architecture
 - From military to free/libre software hobbyists
 - From real-time hardware to software
- Language and platform independent
 - Code generators for a plethora of languages e.g. C/C++, Ada, Python and VHDL
 - Implementation for various platforms such as MS Windows, GNU/Linux, MacOS X, etc.



Communication: Why CORBA? (2/2)

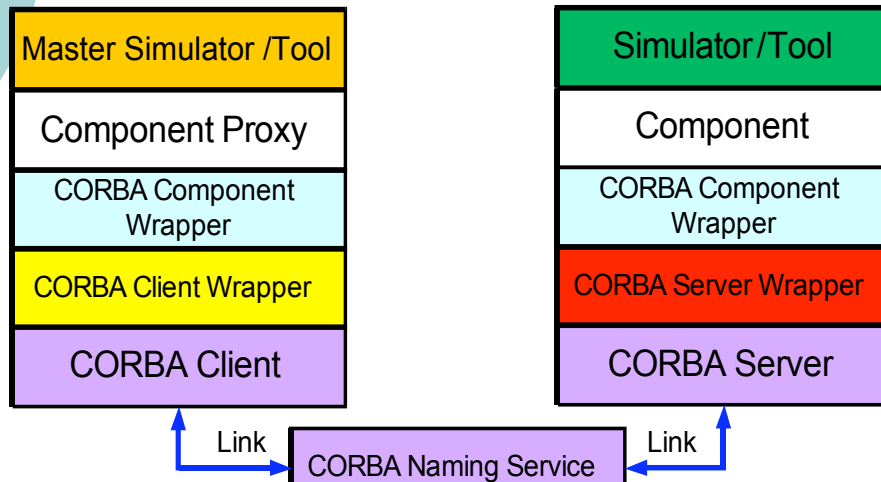
- Supports various transport and pseudo-transport protocols
 - e.g. TCP/IP, SSH, shared memory and file.
- Extensible Transport Framework allows addition of unsupported protocols
- Hardware support starts to appear
 - PrismTech's Integrated Circuit ORB
 - Objective Interface Systems' ORBexpress FPGA
- Allows distributed processing



Communication: CORBA Introduction

- Component interfaces are described using the Interface Definition Language (IDL)
- Any tool/simulator can be used as a master or slave as long as it can integrate an ORB server or client
- A Naming Service keeps track of the ORBs providing objects (components)
- Any transport protocol can be used as long as the Naming Service supports it (ETF allows more)

Communication: Layered Structure



CORBA Component Wrapper

Transactor, performs signal adaptation and synchronization

CORBA Client /Server Wrapper

Handles CORBA Client /Server initialization and destruction

CORBA Client /Server

Autogenerated Client/Server requesting/providing components

CORBA Naming Service

Makes the connection between components requesters /providers.

Link

Implements any transport protocol supported by the CORBA Naming Service e.g. TCP/IP

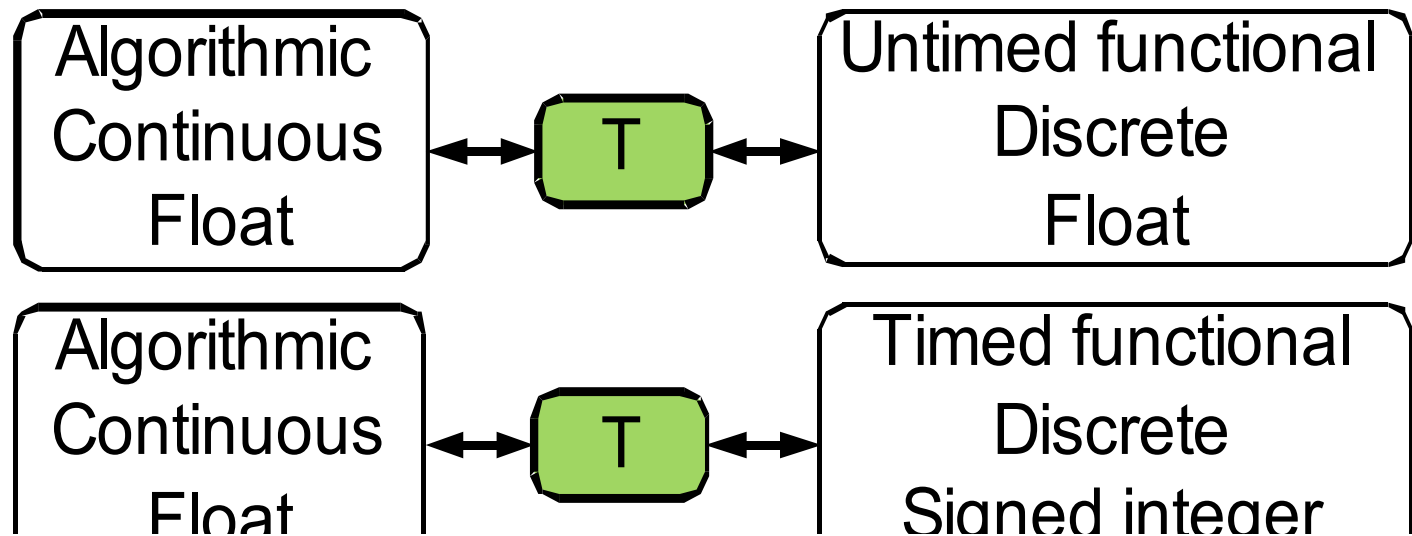


Communication: Integrating CORBA to SystemC

- Required steps:
 - Defining components interfaces (IDL file)
 - Autogenerate CORBA servers and clients (feeding IDL file to code generator)
 - Write CORBA Wrappers for...
 - Components
 - Servers
 - Clients
- Easy to implement once we've been through the first wrapper
- Less than week to implement demo

Data Adaptation: Transactor examples

- Component Wrappers also are transactors
- Transactors can either be on the client or server side





Tools Involved

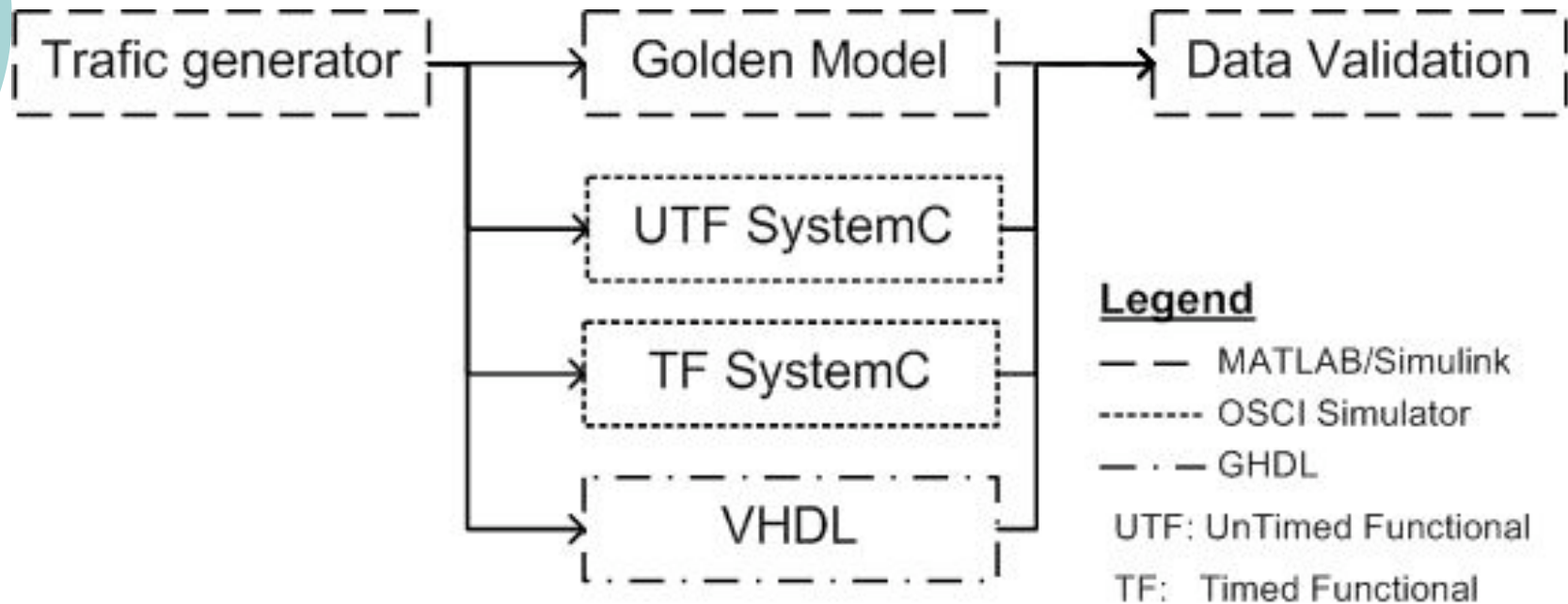
- MathWorks MATLAB
 - Algorithmic Modeling
- Open SystemC Initiative Simulator
 - System Level Design
- GHDL
 - RTL Modeling
- TAO
 - CORBA Backplane
 - Code generation
- GCC and Autotools
 - Configuration and compilation



Results/Demonstration (1/2)

- Design a FIR filter from algorithmic modeling to RTL design
- One testbench
- Generate data with MATLAB/Simulink
- Feed data to all implementations:
 - Algorithmic level (MATLAB)
 - System level – UTF (SystemC)
 - System level – TF (SystemC)
 - RTL (VHDL)
- Display/validate results in MATLAB/Simulink

Results/Demonstration (2/2)





Results: Observed Benefits

- Seamless integration of multiple:
 - Levels of abstraction
 - Modeling languages
 - “*Physical*” location and/or simulators/tools
- Same testbench across all implementations
- Language independence : from Algorithmic level to RTL
- Platform independence: anything that can implement CORBA
- Components can be refined independently



Conclusion

- Simulator/Tool-independent solution addressing heterogeneity
- Integrates to OSCI simulator w/o any modification to the core
- CORBA client/server wrappers hide communication complexity
- Data can be adapted by CORBA Component Wrappers acting as transactors
- Has a distributed topology
- Promotes open standards



Future Work

- Cleaner SystemC integration (TLM-2)
- Performance evaluation/tweaking
- Add support for ModelSim
- Hardware-In-the-Loop with PrismTech ICO



References

- The ACE ORB
 - <http://www.cs.wustl.edu/~schmidt/TAO.html>
- SystemC
 - <http://www.systemc.org>
- MathWorks MATLAB
 - <http://www.mathworks.com>
- GHDL
 - <http://ghdl.free.fr>
- PrismTech ICO
 - <http://www.prismtech.com>



Questions?

Thank you for listening!

Contact me at

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